# WALL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 51- 5

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2017



RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA GILLETTE, WYOMING

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

To the School Board Wall School District No. 51-5 Pennington County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wall School District No. 51-5, Pennington County, South Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Wall School District No. 51-5's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 4, 2017.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Wall School District No. 51-5's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness Wall School District No. 51-5's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wall School District No. 51-5's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2017-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

CASEY • PETERSON LTD

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## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wall School District No. 51-5's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matter that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Wall School District No. 51-5's Response to Findings

Wall School District No. 51-5's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Wall School District No. 51-5's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Casey Veterson, LTD.

Casey Peterson, Ltd. Rapid City, South Dakota October 4, 2017



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the School Board Wall School District No. 51-5 Pennington County, South Dakota

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Program

We have audited Wall School District No. 51-5's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Wall School District No. 51-5's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Wall School District No. 51-5's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Wall School District No. 51-5's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wall School District No. 51-5's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Wall School District No. 51-5's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Wall School District No. 51-5, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

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909 St. Joseph Street, Suite 101 | Rapid City, SD 57701 | 605.348.1930 612 S. Douglas Hwy | Gillette, WY 82716 | 307.682.4795

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Wall School District No. 51-5, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Wall School District No. 51-5's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wall School District No. 51-5's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Casey Yeterson, LTD.

Casey Peterson, Ltd. Rapid City, South Dakota October 4, 2017

## SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- a. The Independent Auditor's Report expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Wall School District No. 51-5.
- b. A material weakness related to the audit of the financial statements was reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance with Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- c. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were noted during the audit.
- d. No noncompliance or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance related to the major federal programs were reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance With the Uniform Guidance.
- e. The independent auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs of the Wall School District No. 51-5 expresses an unmodified opinion on the major federal programs.
- f. The District's major program for year ended June 30, 2017 was:

Impact Aid CFDA #84.041

- g. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$750,000.
- h. Wall School District No. 51-5 did not qualify as a low-risk entity.

## FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

Material Weakness Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Lack of Segregation of Duties

2017-001 *Condition*: There is a general lack of segregation of duties and monitoring of accounting functions including payroll, journal entries, and reconciliations specifically relating to yearend entries due to the small staff size and lack of involvement of other business office employees in the finance function of the District.

*Criteria:* Duties within the finance function of the District should be segregated among Business Office employees and activities monitored to mitigate risk of error.

*Cause*: This condition exists due to small staff size within the finance function of the District. These issues are common in a district of this size.

*Effect*: The Business Manager performs closing entries and reconciliations without oversight. The possibility of fraud or errors occurring and not being detected or corrected is present.

Auditor's Recommendation: It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the Business Manager performing entries and reconciliations without proper oversight, because of cost or other considerations.

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2017

*Management's Response:* This is common practice for schools of similar size and management feels comfortable with this practice. The District accepts the risk associated with the Business Manager performing entries and reconciliations without proper oversight. The District will consider additional internal control processes where they are cost effective

## FINDINGS - MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

There were no findings identified during the audit of the District's major federal program.



Superíntendent: Cooper Garnos MS/HS Príncípal: Barbara Leíseth Elementary Príncípal: Charles Sykora Busíness Manager: Níkí Mohr

## PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

Material Weakness Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Lack of Segregation of Duties

2016-001 *Condition*: There is a general lack of segregation of duties and monitoring of accounting functions including payroll, journal entries, and reconciliations specifically relating to yearend entries due to the small staff size and lack of involvement of other business office employees in the finance function of the District.

*Criteria:* Duties within the finance function of the District should be segregated among Business Office employees and activities monitored to mitigate risk of error.

Auditor's Recommendation: It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the Business Manager performing entries and reconciliations without proper oversight, because of cost or other considerations.

*Current Status:* This finding is reported as 2017-001 in the current year



Superíntendent: Cooper Garnos MS/HS Príncipal: Barbara Leiseth Elementary Príncipal: Charles Sykora Busíness Manager: Níkí Mohr

## CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (UNAUDITED)

Wall School District No. 51-5 respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm:

Casey Peterson, Ltd. 909 Saint Joseph Street, Ste 101 Rapid City, SD 57701

## **FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT**

Material Weakness Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Lack of Segregation of Duties

2017-001 *Condition*: There is a general lack of segregation of duties and monitoring of accounting functions including payroll, journal entries, and reconciliations specifically relating to yearend entries due to the small staff size and lack of involvement of other business office employees in the finance function of the District.

*Criteria:* Duties within the finance function of the District should be segregated among Business Office employees and activities monitored to mitigate risk of error.

Auditor's Recommendation: It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the Business Manager performing entries and reconciliations without proper oversight, because of cost or other considerations.

*Management's Response:* This is common practice for schools of similar size and management feels comfortable with this practice. The District accepts the risk associated with the Business Manager performing entries and reconciliations without proper oversight. The District will consider additional internal control processes where they are cost effective.

If there are any questions regarding this plan, please contact Cooper Garnos at (605) 279-2156.

Sincerely,

Cooper Garnos, Superintendent Wall School District No. 51-5



Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board Wall School District No. 51-5 Pennington County, South Dakota

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wall School District No. 51-5 (the District), Pennington County, South Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

CASEY • PETERSON LTD



## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wall School District No. 51-5, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress for retiree health insurance coverage, and schedules of net pension liability (asset) and pension contributions on pages 13 - 23, 68 - 76, 77, 78 and 79, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wall School District No. 51-5's basic financial statements. The list of District Officials, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The list of District officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 4, 2017 on our consideration of the Wall School District No. 51-5's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Wall School District No. 51-5's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Casey eterson, LTD.

Casey Peterson, Ltd.

Rapid City, South Dakota October 4, 2017

This section of Wall School District No. 51-5's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District's net position increased by \$226,935. Key financial highlights are as follows:

- The District's revenues generated from taxes and other revenues of the governmental and business-type activities were \$3,767,354 which is \$226,935 more than the \$3,540,419 governmental and business-type program expenditures.
- The total expenses in the governmental activities increased by 4.78% or \$154,244.
- The total revenues in the governmental activities increased by 6.75%, or \$228,171, over revenues received in 2016, primarily due to an increase in state aid.
- Net position of the District increased because total District revenues exceeded expenses.
- In the governmental funds, total fund balance decreased \$232,241. There was a decrease of \$281,449 in the General Fund due to the transfer of \$380,127 in Impact Aid to the Capital Outlay Fund. There was an decrease in the Capital Outlay Fund of \$55,333 due to the athletic complex construction. An increase in the Special Education Fund of \$104,541 due to changes in staffing and needed services.
- GASB 34 requires school districts to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of assets. In accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), depreciation expense is recorded based on the original cost of the asset.

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund balances. Net investment in capital assets totaled \$9,727,142 in Governmental Activities on the 2017 Statement of Net Position. Since Governmental Fixed Assets are not included in governmental fund balances, but are included in the total governmental net position, this explains why the increase in net position exceeds the increase in total governmental fund balances.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (government-wide and fund statements) and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities that the District operates like businesses. The proprietary funds operated by the District are the Food Service Fund and the After School Program.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships, like scholarship plans for graduating students, in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the activities reported and the types of information they contain. The reminder of the overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1										
Major Features of Wall School District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements Government-wide Fund Statements										
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Scope	Entire District government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instruction and support services.	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses, the food service and internal service operation.	Instances in which the District is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources.						
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of Net Position *Statement of Activities	*Balance Sheet *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	*Statement of Net Position *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position *Statement of Cash Flows	*Statement of Fiduciary Net Position *Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position						
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus						
Type of Asset/ Deferred Inflow of Resources/ Liability/ Deferred Outflows of Resources Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short- term and long-term, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources.	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; some deferred outflows and inflows of resources; no capital or long- term liabilities included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short- term and long-term, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources.	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the District's funds do not currently contain capital assets although they can.						
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter.	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid.						

#### Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and changes in the state school aid funding formula from the State of South Dakota.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are reported in two categories:

- Governmental Activities This category includes the District's basic instructional services, such as elementary, middle school, and high school educational programs, support services (guidance counselor, executive administration, board of education, fiscal services, pupil transportation, etc.), debt service payments, special education, extracurricular activities (sports, drama, music, etc.), and capital equipment purchases. Property taxes, state aid, state grants, federal grants, and interest earnings finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The District charges a fee to students and receives federal and state reimbursements to help cover the costs of providing hot lunch services and after school activities to all students.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's individual funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- State Law requires some of the funds.
- The School Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like the Scholarship Trust).

The District has three kinds of funds:

 Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at the year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the governmentwide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary Funds Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both shortand long-term financial information. The Food Service and After School Enterprise Funds are the only proprietary funds maintained by the District.
- Fiduciary Funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various external and internal parties. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

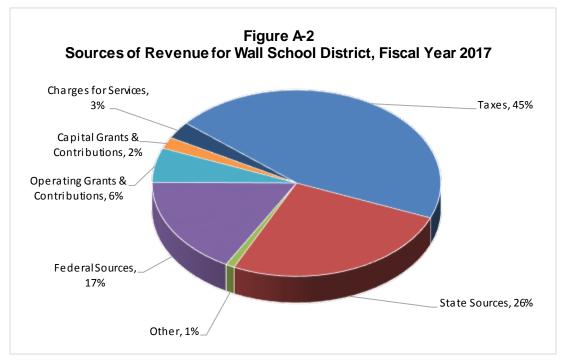
The District's combined net position increased and decreased as follows:

## Table A-1 Wall School District No. 51-5 Net Position

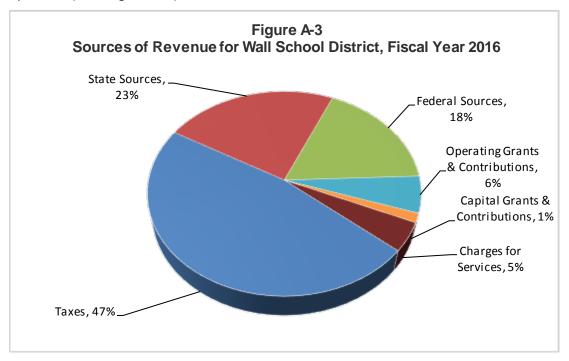
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tot	Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	Percent
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) Total Assets	\$ 5,508,116 9,727,142 15,235,258	\$ 6,042,193 9,301,739 15,343,932	\$ 86,169 4,638 90,807	\$ 101,539 6,032 107,571	\$ 5,594,285 9,731,780 15,326,065	\$ 6,143,732 9,307,771 15,451,503	-8.94% 4.56% -0.81%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	646,457	631,626	24,233	22,272	670,690	653,898	2.57%
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	1,140,852 <u>281,178</u> 1,422,030	995,143 <u>253,235</u> 1,248,378	9,827 10,951 20,778	2,215 12,905 15,120	1,150,679 292,129 1,442,808	997,358 266,140 1,263,498	15.37% 9.77% 14.19%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	757,056	1,254,660	<u> </u>	17,287	757,056	1,271,947	-40.48%
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	8,992,795 1,114,853 <u>3,594,981</u> 13,702,629	8,476,739 1,156,827 <u>3,838,954</u> 13,472,520	4,638 14,407 75,217 94,262	6,032 16,701 74,703 97,436	8,997,433 1,129,260 <u>3,670,198</u> 13,796,891	8,482,771 1,173,528 <u>3,913,657</u> 13,569,956	6.07% -3.77% -6.22% 1.67%
Beginning Net Position	13,472,520	13,316,338	97,436	83,081	13,569,956	13,399,419	1.27%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 230,109	\$ 156,182	<u>\$ (3,174)</u>	\$ 14,355	\$ 226,935	\$ 170,537	33.07%
Percentage Change in Net Position	1.71%	1.17%	-3.26%	17.28%	1.67%	1.27%	

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources. The statement presents the assets and liabilities in order of relative liquidity. The liabilities with average maturities greater than one year are reported in two components - the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. The long-term liabilities of the District, consisting of compensated absences payable, an other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability, and notes payable have been reported in this manner on the Statement of Net Position. The difference between the District's assets and liabilities is its net position.

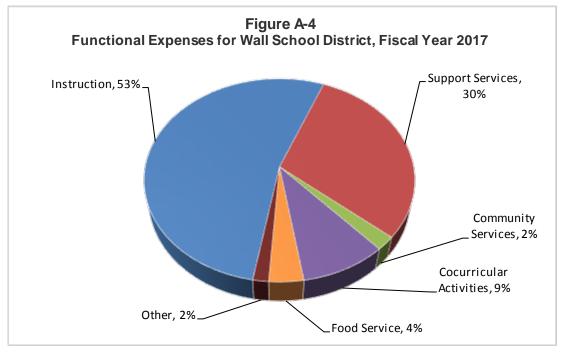
In 2017, the District's revenues totaled \$3,767,354 (See Table A-2). Almost half of the District's revenue came from property and other taxes, over a quarter came from state sources, consisting primarily of state aid, and almost one-fifth came from federal sources, with Impact Aid making up a significant portion. (See Figure A-2).



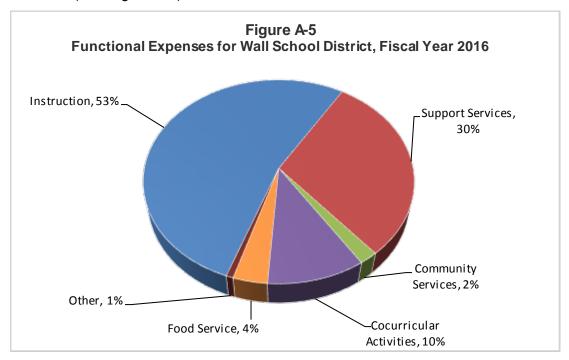
In 2016, the District's revenues totaled \$3,551,557 (See Table A-2). Almost half of the District's revenue came from property and other taxes, over one-fifth came from state sources, consisting primarily of state aid, and almost one-fifth came from federal sources, with Impact Aid making up a significant portion. (See Figure A-3).



In 2017, the District's total expenses were \$3,540,419. The District's expenses cover a range of services, encompassing instruction, support services, community services, co-curricular activities, food service, and other. (See Figure A-4).



In 2016, the District's total expenses were \$3,381,020. The District's expenses cover a range of services, encompassing instruction, support services, community services, co-curricular activities, food service, and other. (See Figure A-5).



## **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Table A-2 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of the governmental activities in fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

## Table A-2 Wall School District No. 51-5 Changes in Net Position

		vernmental vities	Total Busin Activi	••	Total				
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Revenues									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$ 40,178	\$ 41,764	\$ 103,613	\$ 118,266	\$ 143,791	\$ 160,030			
Operating Grants and Contributions	154,628	151,669	55,231	51,031	209,859	202,700			
Capital Grants and Contributions	59,297	50,997	-	-	59,297	50,997			
General Revenues									
Taxes	1,690,205	1,665,867	-	-	1,690,205	1,665,867			
Revenue State Sources	991,759	813,710	-	-	991,759	813,710			
Revenue Federal Sources	646,788	627,935	-	-	-	-	-	646,788	627,935
Revenue Intermediate Sources	14,234	16,828	-	-	14,234	16,828			
Revenue Local Sources	-	4,339	409	2,417	409	6,756			
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	10,816	6,625	196	109	11,012	6,734			
Total Revenues	3,607,905	3,379,734	159,449	171,823	3,767,354	3,551,557			
Expenses									
Instruction	1,884,714	1,781,105	-	-	1,884,714	1,781,105			
Support Services	1,068,062	1,004,505	-	-	1,068,062	1,004,505			
Community Services	75,681	65,965	-	-	75,681	65,965			
Cocurricular Activities	324,045	346,683	-	-	324,045	346,683			
Food Service	-	-	129,168	121,641	129,168	121,641			
After School Program	-	-	33,455	35,827	33,455	35,827			
Depreciation (Unallocated)	25,294	25,294		-	25,294	25,294			
Total Expenses	3,377,796	3,223,552	162,623	157,468	3,540,419	3,381,020			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 230,109	<u>\$ 156,182</u>	<u>\$ (3,174)</u>	\$ 14,355	<u>\$ 226,935</u>	<u> </u>			

Revenues for the governmental activities increased by nearly 7% from 2016 revenues, primarily due to an increase in state aid. Expenditures for the governmental activities increased by nearly 5% primarily due to salary increases.

## **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

Revenues of the District's business-type activities decreased by approximately 7% to \$159,449 while expenses increased by about 3% to \$162,623. Factors contributing to these results included:

- Decreased revenues for the after-school program due to fewer participants
- Increased wages for staff

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The General Fund and Capital Outlay Fund both had decreases in fund balance due to the District working on the athletic complex project. The Special Education Fund had an increase in fund balance due to changes in staff and program needs.

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Toward the end of the year, the School Board revised the District budget. These amendments fall into two categories:

- Supplemental appropriations approved for unanticipated, yet necessary, expenses to provide for items necessary for the education program of this district.
- Increases in appropriations, primarily by contingency transfer, to prevent budget overruns.

## **CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION**

By the end of 2017, the District had invested \$9,731,780 in a broad range of capital assets, including, land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, and various machinery and equipment. (See Table A-3.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and accumulated depreciation) of \$424,009 or 4.56%, over last year.

(Net of Depreciation)											
	Governmental Activities 2017 2016		Business-type Activities				Total Dollar Change		Total Percentage Change		
			2016		2017 2016		20	017-2016	2017-2016		
Land Construction in Progress Buildings Improvements other than Bldg Machinery and Equipment		200,432 - 6,203,531 2,987,737 335,442		200,432 42,226 5,517,893 3,144,954 396,234	\$	- - - 4,638	\$	- - 6,032	\$	(42,226) 685,638 (157,217) (62,186)	0.00% -100.00% 12.43% -5.00% -15.46%
Total Capital Assets (Net)	\$	9,727,142	\$	9,301,739	\$	4,638	\$	6,032	\$	424,009	4.56%

#### Table A-3 Wall School District No. 51-5 - Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

## LONG-TERM DEBT

At year-end, the District had \$882,484 in other long-term obligations.

# Table A-4Wall School District No. 51-5Outstanding Debt and Obligations

		nmental vities	Business-type Activities			Total Dollar Change		Total Percentage Change	
	2017	2016		2017 2016 2017-2016				2017-2016	
Note Payable	\$ 735,000	\$ 825,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(90,000)	-10.91%
Compensated Absences	29,602	32,820		-		-		(3,218)	-9.80%
OPEB Liability	114,117	113,785		-		2,215		(1,883)	-1.65%
Early Retirement Payment		23,538		-		-		(23,538)	100.00%
Total Outstanding Debt									
and Obligations	\$ 878,719	\$ 995,143	\$	_	\$	2,215	\$	(118,639)	-11.92%

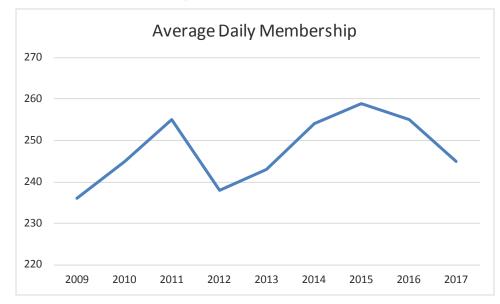
The District is liable for the accrued sick leave payable to the certified staff, for any days they have accrued up to sixty, if they meet the conditions for voluntary separation in the Negotiated Agreement. These days are paid at a rate of \$30 per day.

The District also maintains an early retirement plan, which allows those meeting certain qualifications to retire early and receive 25% of the mean of the last three annual salaries, multiplied by the number of full time years of service in the District, to a maximum of twenty years. This plan allows the school to reduce the overall program cost by hiring lower paid teachers to replace the higher paid teachers.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's current economic position continues to remain fairly consistent due to federal grants received by the District. The District's property tax valuations increased from 2016 to 2017.

One of the primary sources of revenue to the District is based on a per student allocation received from the State of South Dakota. The state aid formula has been decreased in recent years due to the economic conditions of the State and was modified for FY 2017, which increased state aid.



The District's enrollment for the last nine years has been as follows:

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional information, contact the Business Manager, Wall School District No. 51-5, 401 South Blvd. West, PO Box 414, Wall, SD 57790.

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## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,578,429	\$ 80,213	\$ 4,658,642
Accounts Receivable	φ 4,570,429	۵0,213 1,782	<sup>3</sup> 4,038,042 1,782
Taxes Receivable	770,247	1,702	770,247
Inventories	-	4,174	4,174
Capital Credits Receivable	121,519	-	121,519
Due from Other Governments	37,921	-	37,921
Due nom other obvernments			57,521
	5,508,116	86,169	5,594,285
Capital Assets:			
Land	200,432	-	200,432
Buildings	8,395,324	-	8,395,324
Improvements	3,705,089	-	3,705,089
Equipment	1,197,040	24,637	1,221,677
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(3,770,743)	(19,999)	(3,790,742)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	9,727,142	4,638	9,731,780
Total Assets	15,235,258	90,807	15,326,065
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension-related Deferred Outflows	646,457	24,233	670,690
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Wages	40,716	437	41,153
Contracts Payable	185,552	7,412	192,964
Unearned Revenue	,	2,060	2,060
Other Current Liabilities	54,910	1,042	55,952
Long-term Liabilities:	0.,0.0	.,•	
Due Within One Year	102,500	-	102,500
Due in More than One Year	776,219	-	776,219
Net Pension Liability	262,133	9,827	271,960
·····			,
Total Liabilities	1,422,030	20,778	1,442,808

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	757,056	_	757,056
Property Taxes Levied for Future Periods	151,050		131,030
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	757,056		757,056
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	8,992,795	4,638	8,997,433
Capital Outlay	85,269	-	85,269
Special Education	645,260	-	645,260
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	384,324	14,407	398,731
Unrestricted	3,594,981	75,217	3,670,198
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 13,702,629</u>	<u>\$ 94,262</u>	<u>\$ 13,796,891</u>

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Functions/Programs	 Expenses	narges for Services
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
Instruction	\$ 1,884,714	\$ -
Support Services	1,068,062	19,207
Community Services	75,681	-
Cocurricular Activities	324,045	20,971
Depreciation - Unallocated *	 25,294	 -
Total Governmental Activities	 3,377,796	 40,178
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
After School Program	33,455	24,424
Food Service	 129,168	 79,189
Total Business-type Activities	 162,623	 103,613
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,540,419	\$ 143,791

\* This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various functions. See Note 5.

Program Revenue	S	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
Operating	Capital								
Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities			Total		
\$ 124,037 30,591 - - -	\$	\$	(1,701,380) (1,018,264) (75,681) (303,074) (25,294)	\$		\$	(1,701,380) (1,018,264) (75,681) (303,074) (25,294)		
154,628	59,297		(3,123,693)				(3,123,693)		
- 55,231	-		-		(9,031) 5,252		(9,031) 5,252		
55,231			<u> </u>		(3,779)		(3,779)		
<u>\$ 209,859</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>		(3,123,693)		(3,779)		(3,127,472)		
GENERAL REVENU	JES								
Taxes: Property Taxes Gross Receipts T Revenue From Sta			1,555,205 135,000		-		1,555,205 135,000		
State Aid Revenue From Feo Revenue From Inte Unrestricted Invest Other General Rev	deral Sources ermediate Sources ment Earnings		991,759 646,788 14,234 10,816 -		- - 196 409		991,759 646,788 14,234 11,012 409		
Total General F	Revenues		3,353,802		605		3,354,407		
CHANGE IN NET P	OSITION		230,109		(3,174)		226,935		
NET POSITION - BI	EGINNING		13,472,520		97,436		13,569,956		
NET POSITION - EN	NDING	\$	13,702,629	\$	94,262	\$	13,796,891		

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

400570	 General Fund	Cap	ital Outlay Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Permanent Incidental Account Taxes Receivable, Current Taxes Receivable, Delinquent Due from Other Funds Capital Credits Receivable Due From Other Governments	\$ 3,790,885 3,500 355,633 5,246 394 121,519 37,921	\$	116,401 - 269,269 1,944 - -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,315,098	\$	387,614
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$ 3,466	\$	32,617
Contracts Payable Payroll Deductions and Employer Match Payable Due to Other Funds	 170,739 50,886 -		- - 394
Total Liabilities	 225,091		33,011
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property Taxes Levied for Future Periods Delinquent Taxes Not Available Capital Credits Redeemable in Future Periods	 353,759 5,246 121,519		267,438 1,944 -
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 480,524		269,382
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted For Capital Outlay For Special Education Unassigned	 - - 3,609,483		85,221 - -
Total Fund Balances	 3,609,483		85,221
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,315,098	\$	387,614

Total Governmental Funds
\$ 4,574,929 3,500 761,691 8,556 394 121,519 37,921
\$ 5,508,510

\$ 4,633	\$ 40,716
14,813	185,552
4,024	54,910
 -	 394
 23,470	 281,572
135,859 1,366	757,056 8,556
 	 121,519
 137,225	 887,131
-	85,221
645,103	645,103
 -	 3,609,483
 645,103	 4,339,807
\$ 805,798	\$ 5,508,510

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## Wall School District No. 51-5 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	4,339,807
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		9,727,142
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Notes Payable		(735,000)
Compensated Absences		(29,602)
OPEB Liability		(114,117)
Assets that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds. Assets at year end consist of:		
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable		8,556
Capital Credits Non-redeemable		121,519
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability		(262,133)
Pension-related Deferred Outflows are components of pension asset and changes are not reported in the funds.	. <u> </u>	646,457
	\$	13,702,629

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund		Capital Outlay Fund	
REVENUES				
Revenue From Local Sources:				
Taxes:	•		•	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	717,693	\$	513,355
Prior Years' Ad Valorem		5,201		2,899
Gross Receipts Taxes		135,000		-
Penalties and Interest on Taxes		2,767		1,952
Cocurricular Activities		20,971		-
Earnings on Deposits		9,459 42,785		23
Other Local Revenue		43,785		24,652
Total Revenue From Local Sources		934,876		542,881
Revenue From Intermediate Sources:				
County Sources		13,415		509
		· · · · ·		
Revenue From State Sources:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-aid		991,759		-
Revenue From Federal Sources:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-aid		646,788		-
Restricted Grants-in-aid		94,836		-
Total Revenue From Federal Sources		741,624		-
		·		
TOTAL REVENUE		2,681,674		543,390

Special ducation Fund	Total Government Funds					
\$ 307,796 2,042 - 1,356 - 1,334 383 312,911	\$	1,538,844 10,142 135,000 6,075 20,971 10,816 68,820 1,790,668				
 310		14,234				
 		991,759				
 - 59,792 59,792		646,788 154,628 801,416				
 373,013	3,598,077					

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

EXPENDITURES	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund
Instructional Services: Regular Programs Special Programs	1,361,366 91,244	1,181 
Total Instructional Services	1,452,610	1,181
Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff General Administration School Administration Business Special Education	73,127 65,536 254,536 102,732 433,069	229 - - 33,619 -
Total Support Services	929,000	33,848
Community Services	11,239	
Cocurricular Activities: Male Activities Female Activities Transportation Combined Activities	46,492 43,298 24,454 52,365	4,300 5,806 - 4,993
Total Cocurricular Activities	166,609	15,099
Other Non-programmed Charges	23,538	
Capital Outlay		838,722
Debt Services		90,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,582,996	978,850
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	98,678	(435,460)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In (Out)	(380,127)	380,127
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(281,449)	(55,333)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	3,890,932	140,554
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 3,609,483	<u>\$ 85,221</u>

Special Education Fund	Total Governmental Funds
_ 218,348 218,348	1,362,547 309,592 1,672,139
42,047 - - - 498	115,403 65,536 254,536 102,732 467,186
7,579 50,124	7,579 1,012,972 11,239
- - -	50,792 49,104 24,454 57,358
	<u>181,708</u> 23,538 838 722
	838,722 90,000 3,830,318
104,541	<u>(232,241</u> )
<u>    104,541</u> 540,562	(232,241) 4,572,048
<u>\$ 645,103</u>	\$ 4,339,807

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## Wall School District No. 51-5 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (232,241)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, while in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount that capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense.	425,404
The recognition of revenues in the governmental funds differ from the recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals in the fund statements require the amounts to be "available".	9,829
Governmental funds do not reflect the change in early retirement benefits payable, compensated absences, and OPEB, but the Statement of Activities reflects the change in these accruals through expenses.	116,424
Net pension expense in the Statement of Activities that do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenses in the funds.	 (89,307)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 230,109

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

	Enterpris		
	Food Service Fund	After School Fund	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 31,079	\$ 49,134	\$ 80,213
Accounts Receivable, Net	301	1,481	1,782
Inventories	4,174	-	4,174
Total Current Assets	35,554	50,615	86,169
Noncurrent Assets:			
Machinery and Equipment - Local Funds	24,637	-	24,637
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(19,999)		(19,999)
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,638		4,638
Total Assets	40,192	50,615	90,807
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	17,164	7,069	24,233
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	-	437	437
Contracts Payable	4,284	3,128	7,412
Payroll Deductions and			
Employer Matching Payable	636	406	1,042
Unearned Revenue	2,060		2,060
Total Current Liabilities	6,980	3,971	10,951
Long-term Liabilities:			
Net Pension Liability	6,960	2,867	9,827
Total Liabilities	13,940	6,838	20,778
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,638	-	4,638
Restricted, Net Pension Liability	10,204	4,202	14,406
Unrestricted	28,574	46,644	75,218
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 43,416</u>	<u>\$ 50,846</u>	<u>\$ 94,262</u>

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Funds					
				r School		
		Fund		Fund		Totals
	¢	74 705	¢		¢	74 705
Sales to Pupils Sales to Adults	\$	74,725 4,464	\$	-	\$	74,725 4,464
Other Operating Revenue		4,404		- 24,424		24,424
		70 190				103,613
Total Operating Revenue		79,189		24,424		103,013
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries		48,907		21,469		70,376
Employee Benefits		10,755		4,347		15,102
Purchased Services		4,350		4,083		8,433
Supplies		780		3,556		4,336
Cost of Sales - Purchased Food Cost of Sales - Donated Food		53,094 9,888		-		53,094 9,888
Depreciation		9,888 1,394		-		9,888 1,394
Depreciation		1,001				1,001
Total Operating Expenses		129,168		33,455		162,623
OPERATING LOSS		(49,979)		(9,031)		(59,010)
NONOPERATING REVENUE						
Local Sources:						
Interest Earned		77		119		196
Other		409		-		409
State Sources: Cash Reimbursements		610		_		610
Federal Sources:		010				010
Cash Reimbursements		44,733		-		44,733
Donated Food		9,888		<u> </u>		9,888
Total Nonoperating Revenue		55,717		119		55,836
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		5,738		(8,912)		(3,174)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		37,678		59,758		97,436
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	43,416	\$	50,846	\$	94,262

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Funds					
	Foo	d Service Fund	e After School Fund		Totals	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts From Customers Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$	83,943 (59,347) (60,958)	\$	21,233 (8,016) (26,426)	\$	105,176 (67,363) (87,384)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(36,362)		(13,209)		(49,571)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating Subsidies		46,151		1,896		48,047
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Earnings		77		119		196
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		9,866		(11,194)		(1,328)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		21,213		60,328		81,541
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	31,079	<u>\$</u>	49,134	\$	80,213

		d Service Fund	After School Fund			Totals	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	\$	(49,979)	\$	(9,031)	\$	(59,010)	
Depreciation Expense		1,394		-		1,394	
Cost of Sales - Donated Food		9,888		-		9,888	
Change in Assets and Liabilities:							
Accounts Receivable		612		(1,481)		(869)	
Due From Other Governments		4,308		-		4,308	
Inventories		(1,113)		-		(1,113)	
Accounts Payable		(10)		(377)		(387)	
Contracts Payable		813		218		1,031	
Payroll Deductions and							
Employer Matching Payable		106		(828)		(722)	
OPEB Liability		(2,215)		-		(2,215)	
Unearned Revenue		(166)		(1,710)		(1,876)	
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING							
ACTIVITIES	\$	(36,362)	\$	(13,209)	\$	(49,571)	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	¢	0.000	¢		¢	0.000	
Value of Commodities Received	\$	9,888	\$	-	\$	9,888	

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposit	F	Private- Purpose ust Funds - 324,740	\$ Agency Funds 41,182 8,516
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	324,740	\$ 49,698
LIABILITIES Amounts Held for Others	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 49,698
<b>NET POSITION</b> Restricted for Scholarships: Nonexpendable Expendable		317,800 6,940	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	324,740	

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

ADDITIONS	Private- Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	• • • • • • • • •
Private Donations	<u>\$280,190</u>
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships Awarded	2,400
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	277,790
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	46,950
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u>\$ 324,740</u>

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

### A. <u>REPORTING ENTITY</u>

The reporting entity of Wall School District No. 51-5 (the District), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is a public education agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of South Dakota. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the Board) elected by registered voters of the District. The Board has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has accountability for fiscal matters. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other school districts. See Note 10 - Joint Venture for the specific disclosure. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the District.

## B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable: net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

## C. FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is a primary operating fund of the District or if it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting year to year or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the District are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

*General Fund* - The General Fund is established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the District, excluding Capital Outlay Fund and Special Education Fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District's special revenue funds are as follows:

*Capital Outlay Fund* - A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisitions of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes and is a major fund.

Special Education Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed primarily by property taxes and state and federal grants. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

*Enterprise Fund Types* - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the focus of the governing body is the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis whether financed or recovered through user charges or grants; or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District's enterprise funds are as follows:

*Food Service Fund* - A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

*After School Fund* - A fund used to record financial transactions related to the after school program. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

### Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are never considered to be major funds.

*Private-Purpose Trust Fund Types* - Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District maintains several Scholarship Funds. The purpose of these funds is to provide scholarships to qualifying students.

Agency Fund Types - Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature they do not involve the measurement of the results of operations. The District maintains a variety of agency funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, etc.

#### D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

#### Measurement Focus

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental types, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary fund types.

### Basis of Accounting

## Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests), and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

### Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental fund types are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes and capital credits, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or will be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The District considers significant revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where assets recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are generally recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

All proprietary fund and fiduciary fund types are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

#### E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District pools its cash resources for depositing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. All reported enterprise fund deposit balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

### F. INVENTORY

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out for enterprise fund inventories and average cost for governmental fund inventories. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at the date of receipt.

Inventory in the governmental activities, business-type activities, governmental and proprietary funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Inventories reported in the fund financial statements that have not been consumed are generally offset by a nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. At June 30, 2017, there was no inventory recorded in the governmental funds.

#### G. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment of capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not capitalized.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which individual asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Cap	italization	Estimated
	<u> </u>	<u>reshold</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Land	\$	5,000	
Buildings		50,000	50 yrs
Improvements		20,000	20 yrs
Equipment (government-wide)		5,000	3-15 yrs
Equipment (proprietary funds)		1,000	3-15 yrs

Depreciation expense is calculated using the straight-line and composite methods. Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities. The depreciation of capital assets that serve numerous functions of the District is reported as unallocated depreciation in the Statement of Activities. Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

## H. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the related assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences, other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability, and early retirement payments.

*Compensated Absences Payable* - Compensated absences payable is the annual leave earned by employees. Vacation leave is earned by twelve-month employees at the rate of one day per month worked. Sick leave is earned by the employees at the rate of twelve days per year. Upon termination, employees are not entitled to receive compensation for their accrued vacation leave, but sick leave balances may be paid out depending on the employees' age and years of service. Employees receive payment for leave balances up to 60 days at a rate of \$30 per day. The District's liability for accrued sick leave is reported as compensated absences in Note 6. For employees normally paid out of the governmental funds, these amounts are charged as an expenditure at the time of termination or at the time the sick leave is used. For employees normally paid out of the enterprise fund, these amounts are recorded as an expense when earned.

### Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

### I. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The District reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position. The only deferred outflow of resources reported is a deferred amount arising from the District's pension plan for qualified retirees as discussed in Note 9.

The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This section reflects a decrease in net position that applies to a future period or periods. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected no later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year). The District reports the following as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds: property taxes levied but not collected within the available period; property taxes collected within the available period that are intended to finance the next fiscal year; and capital credits that are owed to the District, but will be received at some point in the future and grant revenues earned but not collected within the 60-day available period. In the government-wide financial statements, the District reports deferred inflows of resources for property taxes intended to finance the next fiscal year and pension-related amounts. The District reports deferred inflows of in the proprietary fund statements for pension-related amounts.

#### J. <u>NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE</u>

## Government-wide Financial Statements:

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Net position reported on the Statement of Net Position includes the following three components:

*Net Investment in Capital Assets* - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of capital outlay certificates or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

*Restricted* - Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted* - Represents all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### Fund Financial Statements:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

*Nonspendable* - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted* - includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed* - includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision marking authority and does not lapse at year-end.

Assigned - Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board and management have the authority to assign fund balances.

*Unassigned* - includes positive amounts within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. The District does not have a minimum fund balance policy.

Proprietary net position is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary net position (except for Agency Funds, which do not have net position) is reported as net position held in trust for other purposes.

#### K. PROPRIETARY FUND REVENUE AND EXPENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2017

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### L. PROGRAM REVENUES

In the Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

*Charges for Services* - These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.

*Program Revenues - Operating Grants and Contributions -* These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.

*Program Revenues - Capital Grants and Contributions -* These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

### M. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS, District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements.

## **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Statutes impose various restrictions on deposits and investments. These restrictions are summarized as follows:

*Deposits* - The District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1, and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA," or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota. Credit Risk - State law limits eligible investments for the District, as discussed above. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits* - The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, the District's deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested with any one issuer.

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2017

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

*Investments* - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Interest Rate Risk - The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income - State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The District's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment with the exception of capital credits revenue which is credited entirely to the General Fund.

## **NOTE 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

Due from other governments consists of the following as of June 30, 2017:

	Governmenta		
	ŀ	Funds	
SD Department of Education	\$	37,921	

## **NOTE 4 - INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Transfers To:			
	Cap	oital Outlay		
Transfers From:		Fund		
General Fund	<u>\$</u>	380,127		

Transfers were made for the following purposes:

• Transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Outlay Fund for football field construction project.

Amounts due to/due from for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Amounts Due From:		
Amounts Due to:	Capital Outla Fund		
General Fund	\$	394	

Interfund borrowings were for cash flow needs of the recipient funds.

## **NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS**

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

		Balance /30/2016	h	ncrease	D	ecrease	(	Balance 6/30/2017
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$	200,432	\$	-	\$	-	\$	200,432
Construction in Progress	Ŷ	42,226	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	(42,226)	Ψ	
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings		7,543,646		809,452		42,226		8,395,324
Improvements		3,681,109		23,980		-		3,705,089
Equipment		1,191,751		5,289		-		1,197,040
Subtotal	1	2,659,164		838,721		-		13,497,885
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings		2,025,753		166,040		-		2,191,793
Improvements		536,155		181,197		-		717,352
Equipment		795,517		66,081		-		861,598
Subtotal		3,357,425		413,318				3,770,743
Net Capital Assets	\$	9,301,739	<u>\$</u>	425,403	\$		\$	9,727,142
Business-type Activities:								
Equipment	\$	24,637	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,637
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		18,605		1,394		-		19,999
Net Capital Assets	\$	6,032	\$	(1,394)	\$	-	\$	4,638
Depreciation expense was charged to	gove	ernmental fu	unctio	ons as follow	vs:			
Instruction							\$	153,793
Support Services								30,204
Community Services								64,442
Cocurricular Activities								139,585
Depreciation not Allocated to Specific F	unct	tions						25,294

Total Deprecation Expense

\$

413,318

## **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

	Balance /30/2016	In	crease	[	Decrease	Balance /30/2017	 ounts Due hin 1 Year
Governmental Activities: Note Payable	\$ 825,000	\$	-	\$	(90,000)	\$ 735,000	\$ 90,000
Other Liabilities: Compensated Absences Early Retirement Payment OPEB Liability	32,820 23,538 113,785		9,720 - 332		(12,938) (23,538) -	29,602 - 114,117	12,500 - -
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 995,143	\$	10,052	\$	(126,476)	\$ 878,719	\$ 102,500
Business-type Activities: OPEB Liability	\$ 2,215	\$	-	\$	(2,215)	\$ 	\$ 

The District has a note payable with an outstanding balance of \$735,000 to West River Electric Association. The loan bears no interest and requires monthly payments of \$7,500 until paid in full in July 2025. The note is unsecured.

OPEB and Compensated Absences payments are made from the fund that the payroll expenditures are charged.

Early retirement benefits are available to teachers and administrators who meet certain criteria. Upon retirement as provided by the early retirement criteria, the employee is entitled to receive a cash benefit which is dependent upon several criteria including the employee's last three contract salaries. At June 30, 2017, there are no employees entitled to receive early retirement payments. The final retirement payment was made from the General Fund during the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **NOTE 7 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION**

The following table shows a summary of restricted net position as shown on the Statement of Net Position:

Purpose	Restricted By	 Amount
Major Purposes: Capital Outlay Special Education Share of Net Pension Liability	Law Law Law	\$ 85,269 645,260 398,731
,		\$ 1,129,260

## **NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAX**

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the District's taxes and remits them to the District.

## NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAX (CONTINUED)

District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred revenue in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

### NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN

### Plan Information

All employees working more than 20 hours per week during the school year participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivors' benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

#### **Benefits Provided**

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A, Class B public safety and Class B judicial. Class A retirement benefits are determined as 1.7 percent prior to 2008 and 1.55 percent thereafter of the employee's final 3-year average compensation times the employee's years of service. Employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 55. Class B public safety benefits are determined as 2.4 percent for service prior to 2008 and 2.0 percent thereafter of employee final average compensation. Class B judicial benefits are determined as 3.733 percent for service prior to 2008 and 3.333 percent thereafter of employee final average compensation. All Class B employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 45. Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Three years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits are a percent of the employee's final average salary.

## NOTE 9- PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The annual increase in the amount of the SDRS benefits payable on each July 1st is indexed to the consumer price index (CPI) based on SDRS funded status:

- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 100% or more 3.1% COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 80.0% to 99.9%, index with the CPI
  - o 90.0% to 99.9% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.8% maximum COLA
  - o 80.0% to 90.0% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.4% maximum COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is less than 80% 2.1% COLA

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

### **Contributions**

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2 percent for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$102,177, \$91,779 and \$89,096, respectively, and equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, SDRS is 96.89% funded and accordingly has a net pension liability. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension liability of South Dakota Retirement System, for the District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2016 and reported by the District as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Proportioinate Share of Pension Liability	\$ 8,736,503
Less Proportionate Share of Net Pension Restricted for Pension Benefits	 8,464,543
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 271,960

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability (asset) of \$271,960 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion was 0.08051147% which is a decrease of 0.0005909% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

## NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$193,776. At June 30, 2017 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Inflo	erred ws of ources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	94,675	\$	-
Changes in Assumption		162,891		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		302,511		-
Changes in Proportion and Difference between District Contributions and proportionate Share of Contributions		8,436		-
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		102,177		-
Total	\$	670,690	\$	-

An amount of \$102,177 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2018	\$ 154,335
2019	94,624
2020	193,325
2021	126,229
2022	-
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ 568,513

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25 percent
Salary Increases	5.83 percent at entry to 3.87 percent after 30 years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.25 percent through 2017 and 7.50 percent thereafter, net of
	pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate.

## NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2011. The mortality assumptions were revised based on an extension of the experience study including mortality experience through June 30, 2013.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

	Long-term
Target	Expected Real
Allocation	Rate of Return
58.0%	4.5%
30.0%	1.8%
10.0%	4.6%
2.0%	0.7%
<u> 100.0% </u>	
	Allocation 58.0% 30.0% 10.0% 2.0%

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 7.25% through 2017 and 7.50% thereafter. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

#### Sensitivity of Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% through 2017 and 7.50% thereafter, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25/6.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25/8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate Share	۴	4 504 004	¢	074 000	¢	
of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability	<u></u>	1,521,884	<u>þ</u>	271,960	<u></u>	(747,487)

## NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

## NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURE

The District participates in the Black Hills Educational Benefits Cooperative (BHEBC); a cooperative service unit formed for the purpose of providing health insurance services to the member school districts. The relative percentage of participation of each member in BHEBC was not deemed to be a measurable matter.

The members of BHEBC are Black Hills Special Service Cooperative, New Underwood School District, Wall School District, Custer School District, Oelrichs School District, and Belle Fourche School District.

BHEBC's governing board is composed of two representatives from each member school district. The board is responsible for adopting BHEBC's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. Members are not liable for claims in excess of BHEBC's assets.

Separate financial statements may be obtained by writing to BHSSC, PO Box 218, Sturgis SD 57785. At June 30, 2016, this joint venture had assets of \$5,225,176, current liabilities of \$448,025, and total fund equity of \$4,777,151.

### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the District managed its risks as follows:

#### Employee Health Insurance:

As discussed in Note 10, the District joined together with other educational units in the state to form a public entity risk pool. This is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for six member districts. The District pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The pool purchases reinsurance coverage with the premiums it receives from the members. The coverage provides a deductible of \$1,500 per person up to \$3,000 per family. The plan also provides for coinsurance of 70 or 80 percent up to \$6,000. The coverage also includes a \$1,000,000 lifetime maximum payment per person.

The District does not carry additional health insurance coverage to pay claims in excess of this upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have never exceeded the liability coverage.

## NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### Liability Insurance:

The District joined the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property and Liability Fund (ASBSD-PLF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota school districts. The objective of the ASBSD-PLF is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The District's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the ASBSD-PLF to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made or by or against the District. The District pays an annual premium, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the ASBSD-PLF member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The District pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for property insurance, general liability, automobile, crime, boiler and machinery, umbrella liability, and errors and omissions.

The agreement with the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property Liability Fund provides that the above coverage will be provided with a \$2,000,000 limit on liability coverage, \$250,000,000 limit on property, \$50,000,000 limit on boiler and machinery, and \$350,000 for various criminal acts. Member premiums are used by the pool for payment of claims and to pay for reinsurance for claims in excess of deductibles. As of June 30, 2017 the District carried the following deductibles related to insurance coverage:

General Liability	\$ -0-
Boiler and Machinery	5,000
Errors and Omissions	10,000
Defense Only Claims	5,000
Property	500
Automobile	-0-
Crime	1,000
Employee Benefits Liability	1,000

The District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

#### Workmen's Compensation:

The District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool (the Fund) which provides workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program.

The District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report and to cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The District pays an annual premium to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. The District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the Fund is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments.

## NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the Fund of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The Fund provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the Fund in excess of the retained risk.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to \$1,000,000 per individual per incident.

The District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

#### Unemployment Benefits:

The District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits. Unemployment claims, if any, are intended to be paid from current year appropriations, normally from the General Fund.

Claims are billed by the state quarterly. During the year ended June 30, 2017, no claims had been filed and paid for unemployment benefits and none deemed to be of a material nature are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

#### **NOTE 12 - CONCENTRATIONS**

The District is dependent upon program revenues and operating revenues from the State of South Dakota for its primary existence.

#### NOTE 13 - POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

#### Plan Description

Wall School District No. 51-5 offers a health insurance plan, established under SDCL 13-10-3 through the Black Hills Educational Benefits Cooperative (BHEBC), which is a cooperative service unit formed for the purpose of providing health insurance services to member school districts as described in Note 10. The members participate in a cost-sharing plan by pooling their participants to receive better insurance premiums than the members would receive individually. The premiums of the covered retirees are established by BHEBC, but the District's board determines retiree and employer contribution rates. Because of this cost-sharing structure, the health insurance plan would fall under a cost-sharing multiple-employer OPEB plan arrangement. However, the members have not committed to share the annual OPEB costs, actuarial accrued liabilities, plan assets, or unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, and each member is receiving a separate actuarial report. Because the OPEB costs are not shared, each member's separate actuarial valuation falls under the accounting for single-employer OPEB plans. The health insurance plan does not issue separately stated, stand-alone financial statements.

An employee who is employed by the District and who is eligible to participate in the group health plan is covered. A covered individual who retires from the District, is at least age 55, and is currently participating in the group plan at the time of retirement is eligible for health insurance. Spousal and dependent coverage is provided as long as the required contributions are paid. Spouses may continue coverage after the retiree's coverage terminates until the spouse is eligible for Medicare. Non-spouse dependents may continue coverage until the dependent is eligible for Medicare. The eligible retiree must pay monthly contributions based on 100% of the full active employee premium rate. All coverage ceases when the retiree or spouse attains age 65 or becomes eligible for Medicare except for COBRA continuation if elected.

## NOTE 13 - POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Funding Policy

Retired employees must pay 100% of the premiums for his or her coverage. Under GASB 45, the District incurs an expense due to the implicit rate subsidy for retirees.

#### Annual OPEB Cost

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District did not make any contributions to the Plan and the balance of the OPEB obligation was \$114,117. The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 were as follows:

ARC		\$ 3,062
Interest on Net OPEB		5,510
Adjustment to ARC		 (7,333)
Annual OPEB Cost		1,239
Contributions Made		 (3,122)
Change in Net OPEB Obliga	ation	(1,883)
Net OPEB Obligation - June	30, 2016	 116,000
Net OPEB Obligation - June	30, 2017	\$ 114,117
	Demonstrates of	NL-1

Fiscal Year	/	Annual	Percentage of Annual OPEB		Net OPEB
Ended	OF	PEB Cost	Cost Contributed	C	bligation
6/30/2015	\$	16,504	0.00%	\$	100,188
6/30/2016		16,427	0.00%		116,000
6/30/2017		1,239	0.00%		114,117

## Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The state prohibits local governments from separately rating active employees and retirees, therefore both groups are charged an equal, blended premium rate for single or family coverage. Although both groups are charged the same rate, GAAP requires the actuarial amounts to be calculated using age adjusted premiums that approximate costs for retirees separately from those for active employees. The use of age adjusted premiums results in the inclusion of an implicit rate subsidy in the actuarial accrued liability.

## NOTE 13 - POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce shortterm volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the longterm perspective of the calculations.

The Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used to determine the annual required contribution.

The actuarial value of assets must be determined based on some recognition of the fair market value of assets. Initially, the actuarial value of assets is to be equal to the fair market value of assets. This method will be formally adopted after decisions regarding the OPEB Plan's funding and investment policy are made.

The unfunded accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis over a period of 30 years.

The actuarial assumptions included:

- The assumed claims costs were determined from the insured premiums and underlying claim experience of the OPEB Plans and actuarial age adjustment factors.
- Health care cost trend rates were 5% for all years.
- Investment return was calculated at 4.75% per year.
- Salary increases were calculated at 3.0% per year.
- Mortality was according to the RP 2014 Mortality Table.
- Retiree Participation rate was assumed to be 25% and initial spouse participation rate was assumed to be 10% for both male and female employees.
- Turnover rates were based on Scale T-7 of Actuary's Pension Handbook. Sample rates vary by age:

Age	Rate		
20	9.9%		
25	9.7%		
30	9.3%		
35	8.7%		
40	7.8%		
45	6.4%		
50	4.2%		
55	1.5%		
60	0.1%		

• Retirement rates vary by age, as follows:

Age	Rate		
55	10.0%		
56-57	2.5%		
58-59	5.0%		
60-61	10.0%		
62	25.0%		
63-64	10.0%		
65 or Over	100.0%		

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2017

## **NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of the independent auditor's report which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General Fund - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES	Budgeted Original		Budgeted Amounts Final	
Revenue From Local Sources:				
Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Gross Receipts Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes Cocurricular Activities Earnings on Deposits Other Local Revenue	\$ 707,500 2,000 134,969 3,000 17,000 4,500 33,000	\$	707,500 2,000 134,969 3,000 17,000 4,500 33,000	
Total Revenue From Local Sources	 901,969		901,969	
	 301,303		301,303	
Revenue From Intermediate Sources: County Sources	 13,000		13,000	
Revenue From State Sources: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	 1,028,000		1,028,000	
Revenue From Federal Sources: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Restricted Grants-in-Aid	 635,000 84,424		635,000 84,424	
Total Revenue From Federal Sources	 719,424		719,424	
TOTAL REVENUE	 2,662,393		2,662,393	

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

(E	Actual Budgetary Basis)	I	/ariance Positive legative)
\$	717,693 5,201 135,000 2,767 20,971 9,459 43,785	\$	10,193 3,201 31 (233) 3,971 4,959 10,785
	934,876		32,907
	13,415		415
	991,759		(36,241)
	646,788 94,836		11,788 10,412
	741,624		22,200
	2,681,674		19,281

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund - Budgetary Basis (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

EXPENDITURES	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts Final
Instructional Services:	1 200 620	1 262 629
Regular Programs Special Programs	1,322,638 93,296	1,362,638 93,296
Total Instructional Services	1,415,934	1,455,934
Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff General Administration School Administration Business	72,603 90,791 267,876 107,477 373,366	72,603 90,791 267,876 107,477 373,366
Total Support Services	912,113	912,113
Community Services	12,818	12,818
Nonprogrammed Costs	25,500	25,500
Cocurricular Activities: Male Activities Female Activities Transportation Combined Activities Total Cocurricular Activities	45,835 44,538 21,742 59,275 171,390	45,835 44,538 21,742 59,275 171,390
Contingency	10,000	10,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,547,755	2,587,755
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In (Out)	(346,127)	(346,127)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(231,489)	(271,489)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	3,890,932	3,890,932
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 3,659,443</u>	<u>\$ 3,619,443</u>

Actual	Variance
(Budgetary	Positive
Basis)	(Negative)
1,361,366	1,272
91,244	2,052
1,452,610	3,324
73,127	(524)
65,536	25,255
254,536	13,340
102,732	4,745
433,069	(59,703)
929,000	(16,887)
11,239	1,579
23,538	1,962
46,492 43,298 24,454 52,365 166,609	(657) 1,240 (2,712) <u>6,910</u> <u>4,781</u> 10,000
2,582,996	4,759
(380,127)	<u>(34,000)</u>
(281,449)	<u>(9,960</u> )
3,890,932	-
<u>\$ 3,609,483</u>	<u>\$ (9,960</u> )

## Wall School District No. 51-5 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Outlay Fund - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUE	udgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts Final
Revenue From Local Sources:		
Taxes:		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 491,000	\$ 517,000
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	2,000	2,000
Earnings on Deposits	300	300
Other Local Revenue	 -	 -
Total Revenue From Local Sources	 493,300	 519,300
Revenue From Intermediate Sources:		
County Sources	 -	 -
TOTAL REVENUE	 493,300	 519,300
EXPENDITURES		
Instructional Services:		
Regular Programs	 30,569	 30,569
Support Services:		
Pupils	-	-
Instructional Staff	11,196	11,196
Business	 703,498	 903,498
Total Support Services	 714,694	 914,694
Cocurricular Activities:		
Male Activities	-	-
Female Activities	3,752	3,752
Combined Activities	 412	 412
Total Cocurricular Activities	 4,164	 4,164
Debt Services	 90,000	 90,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 839,427	1,039,427
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(346,127)	(520,127)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Transfers	 346,127	380,127
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(140,000)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 140,554	 140,554
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 140,554	\$ 554

(B	Actual udgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)			
\$	516,254 1,952 23 24,652 542,881	\$	(746) (48) (277) 24,652 23,581		
	509		509		
	543,390		24,090		
	37,365 229		(6,796) (229)		
	11,872 818,996		(676) 84,502		
	831,097		83,597		
	6,556 8,062 5,770 20,388 90,000		(6,556) (4,310) (5,358) (16,224) -		
	978,850		60,577		
	(435,460)		84,667		
	<u>380,127</u> (55,333)		<u>-</u> 84,667		
	140,554		_		
\$	85,221	\$	84,667		

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Special Education Fund - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUE Revenue From Local Sources:	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts Final
Taxes: Ad Valorem Taxes Penalties and Interest on Taxes Earnings on Deposits Other Local Revenue Total Revenue From Local Sources	\$ 344,400 500 600 200 345,700	\$ 344,400 500 600 200 345,700
Revenue From Intermediate Sources: County Sources	100	100
Revenue From Federal Sources: Restricted Grants-in-aid	62,748	62,748
TOTAL REVENUE	408,548	408,548
EXPENDITURES Instructional Services: Special Programs	201,262	226,262
Support Services: Pupils Business Special Education Total Support Services	40,473 200 <u>3,250</u> 43,923	40,473 200 3,250 43,923
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	245,185	270,185
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	163,363	138,363
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	540,562	540,562
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 703,925	\$ 678,925

(B	Actual Judgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)		
\$	309,838 1,356 1,334 383 312,911	\$ (34,562) 856 734 183 (32,789)		
	310	210		
	59,792	(2,956)		
	373,013	(35,535)		
	218,348	7,914		
	42,047 498 7,579 50,124	(1,574) (298) (4,329) (6,201)		
	268,472	1,713		
	104,541	(33,822)		
	540,562			
\$	645,103	<u>\$ (33,822)</u>		

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present capital outlay expenditures within each function while the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds present capital outlay expenditures as a separate function.

#### NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year, the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 of each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except Trust and Agency Funds.
- 6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets when monies are available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds. Generally accepted accounting principles prescribe that budgetary information be presented for the General Fund and major special revenue funds of the District.

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Health Insurance Coverage June 30, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuaria Value o Assets (a)	f	Lia	arial Accrued ability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Infunded \L (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
6/30/2010	\$	-	\$	123,467	\$ 123,467	0.00%	\$ 1,327,621	9.3%
6/30/2013	\$	-	\$	112,339	\$ 112,339	0.00%	\$ 1,419,912	7.9%
6/30/2016	\$	-	\$	35,693	\$ 35,693	0.00%	Not Provided	N/A

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Schedule of Net Pension Liability (Asset) For the Years Ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015

	2017*	2016*	2015*
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset	0.0805115%	0.0811024%	0.0838254%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 271,960	\$ (343,979)	\$ (603,928)
District's Covered-employee Payroll	1,702,944	1,527,434	1,480,696
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-employee Payroll	15.97%	-22.52%	-40.79%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability/Asset	96.89%	104.10%	107.29%

\*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension asset which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Schedule of Pension Contributions For the Years Ended June 30. 2017, 2016 and 2015

	2017		2016		2015	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	102,117	\$	91,779	\$	89,096
Contribtutions in Relation to the Contractually-required Contribution		102,117		91,779		89,096
Contribution Excess	\$		\$	-	\$	-
District's Covered-employee Payroll	\$	1,702,944	\$	1,527,434	\$	1,480,696
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll		6.0%		6.0%		6.0%

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Wall School District No. 51-5 School District Officials June 30, 2017

#### BOARD MEMBERS

Chairperson - Scot Eisenbraun Vice Chairperson - Spencer Cordes Carolynn Anderson Jill Leonard Ryan Kjerstad Elaine Simons Kevin Bielmaier

#### SUPERINTENDENT

Cooper Garnos

#### **BUSINESS MANAGER**

Niki Mohr

# Wall School District No. 51-5 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

CFDA Numbers	Direct Award	Major Program	Cluster/Program Name	Pass-through Entity	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Amount
			Child Nutrition Cluster:			
			U.S. Department of Agriculture			
			Non-cash Assistance (Commodities):			
10.555	Ν	Ν	National School Lunch Program	S.D. Department of Education	173SD310N1099	\$ 9,888
			Cash Assistance:	-		
10.553	Ν	Ν	School Breakfast Program (Note 2)	S.D. Department of Education	173SD310N1099	6,314
10.555	Ν	Ν	National School Lunch Program (Note 2)	S.D. Department of Education	173SD310N1099	38,403
10.556	Ν	Ν	Special Milk Program for Children (Note 2)	S.D. Department of Education	173SD310N1099	16
			Total Child Nutrition Cluster			54,621
			U.S. Department of Interior			
15.227	Ν	Ν	Distribution of Receipts to State and Local Governments (Note 2)	S.D. Department of Education	Not Available	40,660
			Total Department of Interior			40,660
			U.S. Department of Education			
84.010	Ν	Ν	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	S.D. Department of Education	2017G-CA51005	59,491
84.027	Ν	Ν	Special Education - Grants to States	S.D. Department of Education	2017G-IDEA51005	59,792
84.041	Y	Y	Impact Aid (Title VIII)		Not Available	868,984
84.358	Y	Ν	Rural Education		Not Available	4,754
84.367	Ν	Ν	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	S.D. Department of Education	2017G-CA51005	30,591
			Total Department of Education			1,023,612
			Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 1,118,893</u>

NOTE 1: The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting unless otherwise noted. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidnance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the general purpose financial statements.

NOTE 2: Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

NOTE 3: The School District has elected to not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.